Changing the Pronouns in the By-Laws of the Pacific Northwest Conference to Make Them More Inclusive.

A Prudential Resolution

Submitted by the Committee on Ministry to the Annual Meeting of the Pacific Northwest Conference April 29, 2023

SUMMARY

This resolution calls on the Pacific Northwest Conference of United Church of Christ to recognize the on-going evolution within the LGBTQ+ community in identifying themselves. Particularly important is the way we are learning to use pronouns. The pronouns we use (he/she/they) in everyday life are often associated with gender, but these quick connections are

6 (he/she/they) in everyday life are often associated with gender, but these quick connections are not always accurate – and making assumptions can be harmful. By respectfully using the most

inclusive pronouns in our conversations but also our documents we reveal intentional inclusivity.

The resolution calls on the Pacific Northwest Conference to 1) acknowledge the importance of using inclusive pronouns; 2) search for and intentionally change pronouns in our documents and 3) promote and model the inclusive use of correct pronouns in our churches and communities.

BIBLICAL, THEOLOGICAL, AND ETHICAL RATIONALE

The unity of the church is reflected in the rich diversity that is present in all of God's people – race, gender, ethnicity, theology, sexuality – all are created in the image of the Divine. It is a core value of the United Church of Christ to work towards equality and to ensure that an inclusive communication of the Gospel is present and accessible for all.

The Gospel is a call to action on behalf of the least of these. In this case, for the LGBTQ+ community. It may seem a small thing, but updating the use of pronouns in our documents helps with the inclusion of our Trans, Gender-Nonconforming, Nonbinary, Gender-fluid and Queer siblings. Jesus' ministry was a message to the margins of his day "to proclaim release to the captives and recovery of sight to the blind, to let the oppressed go free" (Luke 4:18).

 The call to the church is to bring the good news of the Gospel, and to ensure that the marginalized are included. Inclusive language is welcoming to all – it says, "I see you and value you." Jesus <u>saw</u> those in the margins: the outcasts... the anxious enquirers, and bade them come to Him (John 1:38). He saw the impotent man and healed him (John 5:6). He saw the hungry multitude and supplied their need (John 6:5). He saw the weeping mourners and was troubled for them (John 11:33). He saw the distressed mother and cared for her (John 19:26). He saw the blind man, and revealed Himself as "The Light of the world" (John 9:1).

By this small change in the use of pronouns (that may go un-noticed once it is done) we see and welcome the LGBTQ+ siblings. Pronouns count. We propose that we use them wisely and kindly even in our By-Laws.

HISTORICAL GROUNDING

Pronouns are the most common way that people refer to one another outside of using proper names. We all want, and deserve, to feel seen. Using correct pronouns is an easy way to validate others.

 There's a misconception that the usage of they/them personal pronouns is new, or that it is grammatically incorrect to refer to a singular human as they. Both notions are false. Historically, they/them has been used in situations where a person's gender is unknown, as in, "Someone left their hat, do you think they need it?" Usage of they/them pronouns in the personal setting would be, "They left their book on the counter," or, "They went to their house themselves". Before we meet someone, it is appropriate to use, they/them as the most inclusive pronoun as in, "I can't wait to meet them".

 Often, non-cis people are victims of violence because of their genders. That means that even though pronouns aren't necessarily an important topic to cis people, to non-cis people it is a topic that heavily impacts their lives, and the usage of incorrect pronouns is yet one more act of violence against them.

We have a long way to go as a society to make non-cis people feel as safe moving through life as cis people feel. Using the correct pronouns for trans, gender nonconforming, nonbinary, and gender fluid people is the easiest first step in this direction that cis people can take. The act of using correct pronouns serves to show others that you see them for who they are, and creates safety for them.

TEXT OF THE MOTION

WHEREAS: The United Church of Christ, at the 1985 General Synod, passed the resolution encouraging churches and other settings to become Open and Affirming (ONA), and

WHEREAS: The Pacific Northwest Conference (PNC) became ONA at the Annual Meeting 2011, and

WHEREAS: It is the intention of the PNC to be inclusive of the LGBTQ+ community in all that we do finding welcoming and affirming ways of being together, and

 WHEREAS: The various churches of the PNC continue their work of ONA, including attention to the use of Pronouns. For example: they are offering nametags with pronoun designations or they are teaching the congregation to ask individuals "what pronoun do you use?" avoiding reference to the words "preferred" – teaching that the person alone knows their correct pronouns, and

WHEREAS: Misgendering or doing unintended violence to individuals is not in keeping with Christ-like love and care. Jesus taught us to "love your neighbor as yourself" John 22:39. So by making this small change the PNC will validate each of our siblings and thereby value our precepts of extravagant inclusivity.

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THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the 2023 Annual Meeting of the Pacific Northwest Conference of the United Church of Christ amend the pronoun use in the By- Laws in Article 1 Sections 3 & 4 to read "they are" instead of "she, he is".

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FUNDING: There is no funding needed since the By-Laws are in PDF format, available to all to reading or downloading.

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IMPLEMENTATION: The Executive Administrator or their designee will amend the By-Laws documentation in accordance with the resolution. If other implementation is needed, the Officers of the Conference, in consultation with appropriate ministries or other entities within the United Church of Christ, will determine the implementing body.

PROPOSED CHANGE:

PACIFIC NORTHWEST CONFERENCE UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST BYLAWS

(Adopted April, 1997, and amended at subsequent meetings)

ARTICLE 1 – MEMBERSHIP

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- A Clergy member of the Conference is in good standing if they are she or he is approved by the Committee on the Ministry and are is:
 - a. An active or retired ordained minister of the United Church of Christ; or
 - A commissioned or licensed minister who is serving a church or in a ministry affirmed by the Conference; or
 - c. A minister holding dual standing, serving a church or in a ministry affirmed by the Conference, who is registered with the United Church of Christ and holds current standing in the Conference or in an Association within the Conference.
- A Lay member of the Conference is in good standing if they are she or he is both a
 member of a Local Church of the Conference; and
 - a. A currently serving Board Director, Officer of the Conference, Chairperson of a Leadership Committee; or a past Moderator of the Conference, or past Chairperson of the Board of Directors who resides within the Conference; or
 - b. The duly elected Representative of a Ministry Network that has received formal Conference recognition (see Article 8.2).
 - c. A missionary, residing within the Conference, who is or was appointed or commissioned by Wider Church Ministries or its antecedents, the United Church Board for World Ministries, the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions and the Board for International Missions.